



ISSAO NEWSLETTER

世|界|海|外|华|人|研|究|学|会|简|讯

Feb. 2021

FROM THE ISSCO PRESIDENT >>

At the 10th International Conference of ISSCO held at the Jinan University, China, in November of 2019, fifteen colleagues and I were elected as members of the new ISSCO Board. We would like to take this opportunity to express once again our sincere appreciation of the confidence you have placed upon us.

At the first meeting of new Board, we mapped out our work plan for the next three years. We were planning to hold a regional conference in 2020 and 2021 respectively. We were hoping that upon the successful completion of these conferences, we would welcome 2022 with the view to hold an international conference to mark the 30th anniversary of the founding of ISSCO. Little did we anticipate that as we entered 2020, a vicious pandemic swept the world. We had little choice but to announce in April, 2020 to cancel the November, 2020 conference being planned in Thailand. Recently, in view of the persistent threat of the pandemic and after some deliberations, the Board further decided to cancel the 2021 conference with regrets. However, we believe that with the coming of vaccines now successfully developed in many countries, the victory over the global epidemic will not be far away. We look forward to seeing you at the 2022 conference when the world returns to normal. We will join hands then to celebrate the 30th anniversary of the founding of ISSCO.

Despite ISSCO not being able to hold the annual conference two years in a row, members continue their research and publication on Chinese overseas. Based on what members reported, this newsletter introduces some of their research outcomes to our readers.

The Chinese New Year is just around the corner. This is the Year of the Ox, which in Chinese culture, symbolizes the virtues of sedulity and willingness to bear hardship. In the spirit of a famous Chinese writer who wrote “Head bowed, I willingly charge forward like an ox”, we, the new Board members, will work conscientiously and responsibly towards our common goal.

Wishing you an auspicious and healthy Year of the Ox,

Li Minghuan
ISSCO President
Feb. 2021



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会|长|致|辞 >>

在2019年11月于中国广州暨南大学举行的世界海外华人研究学会第十届国际会议上，我和15位同事一起当选为新一届学会理事。我们谨借此机会再次由衷感谢各位同仁的信任！

在新理事会组成后的第一次会议上，我们共同商定了未来三年的工作计划，我们期待着在成功举办2020和2021年两次地区性会议的基础上，迎接2022年ISSCO成立30周年的国际大会。然而，谁曾想到，刚进入2020年，一场超级疫情就迅速席卷全球，我们不得不于2020年4月宣布取消了正在筹办中的原定2020年11月在泰国举办的会议。最近，理事会经过反复认真讨论，鉴于疫情仍在肆虐，只能十分遗憾地再次决定取消2021年的年会计划。然而，我们相信：随着各国疫苗相继成功研制，人类战胜疫情的日子不会久远。我们由衷期待和各位相聚于世界重归正常的2022年大会，届时我们将携手共庆ISSCO 成立30周年！

虽然ISSCO连续两年不能举办会议，但会员们依然孜孜不倦地致力于华侨华人研究，推出了累累硕果。本期简讯根据会员们提供的资讯，介绍其中的部分成果，与各位分享！

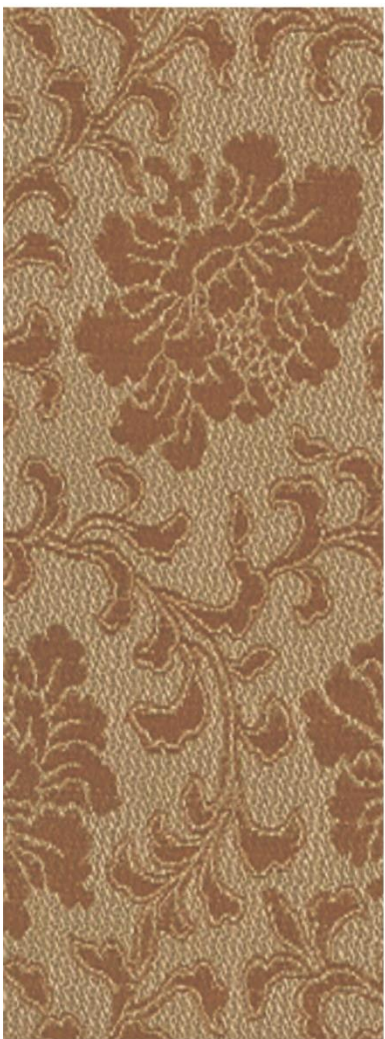
中国农历牛年将至。“牛”在中国文化中是勤勉耕耘、任劳任怨的象征。我们新一届理事会自当秉承“俯首甘为孺子牛”的精神，为我们共同的事业兢兢业业，尽职尽责。

谨此祝各位牛年吉祥安康！

李明欢

世界海外华人学会会长

2021年2月



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ISSCO 2019-2021 Executive Committee Members

2019-2021 Officers >>>>>>>>



Li Minghuan
President



Mette Thunoe
Vice-President



Ho Khai Leong
Secretary



Wang Wei
Treasurer



Directors >>>>>>>>

- Southeast Asia Representative:** Danny Wong Tze Ken, University of Malaya
- Northeast Asia Representative:** Serizawa Satoshiro, Tenri University
- Europe Representative:** Joaquin Beltran Antolin, Universidad Autonoma de Barcelona
- North America Representative:** Wei Li, Arizona State University
- Latin America Representative:** Evelyn Hu DeHart, Brown University
- Africa Representative:** Karen Harris, University of Pretoria
- Oceania Representative:** Jia Gao, University of Melbourne
- Mainland China Representative:** Duan Ying, Sun Yat-sen University
- Taiwan Representative:** Iping Liang, Taiwan Normal University
- Hong Kong Representative:** Victor Zheng, Chinese University of Hong Kong

Representative At Large >>>>>>>>

- Madeline Hsu, The University of Texas at Austin
- Min Zhou, University of California, Los Angeles

Ex-officio Members >>>>>>>>

- Wang Gungwu, Wang Ling-chi, Peter S. Li, Leo Suryadinata, Teresita Ang See and Tan Chee-Beng

全球视野：华侨华人与中国

Chinese Overseas and China: Through a Global Lens



ISSCO NOTICE

Dear ISSCO members/friends,

As of 1 October 2020, we have launched a new ISSCO website (<https://issco.site/>). We thank Professor Mette Thunø, Vice President of ISSCO, for her tireless effort in making this happen. Please visit this website for all updated information.

In November 2019, the ISSCO has elected a new Board, with Professor Li Minghuan as President and Professor Mette Thunø as Vice-President. The full list of board members can be found on the website.

The new Board wish to widen ISSCO membership and has restructured the membership fees. Young scholars are especially encouraged to join the ISSCO academic community. We hope that present members can help recruit new members, especially young scholars, given the new structure for membership fees favoring students and scholars residing in non-OECD countries. We also look forward to members renewing their membership and paying their dues using the new website. Please consult the new information at <https://issco.site/membership/>.

The planned ISSCO conference in Thailand November 2020 was cancelled due to Covid-19. The pandemic remains serious in different parts of the world. We will continue to update you about activities in the future.

Hope everyone has a productive year and stay safe!

Li Minghuan
President, ISSCO
Oct.3, 2020





MEMBERS' NEWS

会 | 员 | 动 | 态



Wang, Gungwu (王赓武)

Professor Wang Gungwu was awarded the 2020 Tang Prize in Sinology, for his ground-breaking research on the Chinese world order, Chinese Overseas, and Chinese migratory experience. As the leading historian on Sino-Southeast Asian relations, he develops a unique approach to understanding China by scrutinizing its long and complex relation with its southern neighbors. His erudition and insight have significantly enriched the explanation of the Chinese people's changing place in the world, traditionally developed from an internalist perspective or in relation to the west.

Professor Wang Gungwu was awarded Distinguished Service Order (Darjah Utama Bakti Cemerlang) 2020, for his longstanding service to Singapore.



Zhou, Min (周敏)

Professor Zhou Min (University of California, Los Angeles, USA) received the 2020 Contribution to the Field Award of the American Sociological Association Section on Asia and Asian America.



Teresita Ang See (洪玉华)

Professor Teresita Ang See was convenor and keynote speaker at the 2020 TsinoY Conference on the State of Scholarship on the Chinese in the Philippines organized by Kaisa Para Sa Kaunlaran (菲律宾华裔青年联合会) and Miriam College and held on 10 January 2020. Her lecture was on "Shared History, Shared Heritage, Shared Destiny: Discovering New Narratives on Philippines-China Relations."

Professor Teresita Ang See started non-government organization work in 1971, nearly 50 years ago. 2020 is the most challenging year in terms of dealing with calamities through her NGO, Kaisa Para Sa Kaunlaran (菲律宾华裔青年联合会). Taal Volcano in Batangas erupted on January 12, destroyed homes, covered the whole area in thick ashes, several towns around the volcano quickly became no man's land. We immediately launched our Taal relief operation. We haven't finished Taal Volcano relief yet and ran smack into the even more challenging COVID-19 relief from March to November. We provided complete sets of PPEs -- hazmat suits, inner gowns, gloves, shoe and hair covers, N95 masks and goggles or face shields to hospitals nationwide.



The Kaisa Heritage Center's Benito Cu Uy Gam Hall has been a beehive of activity since January for relief for the victims of Taal Volcano eruption, the anti-COVID 19 campaign, and for typhoons Rolly and Ulysses.



PUBLICATION NEWS

出 | 版 | 资 | 讯

Members' Publication since June 2019

BOOKS 专著

Gao, Jia (高佳)

2020. Chinese Immigration and Australian Politics: A Critical Analysis on a Merit-Based Immigration System, Palgrave Macmillan.

<https://www.palgrave.com/gp/book/9789811559082>

This book analyses how an increasing number of new Chinese migrants have integrated into Australian society and added a new dimension to Australian domestic politics as a result of Australia's merit-based immigration system and its shift towards Asia. These policies have helped Australia sustain its growth without a recession for decades, but have also slowly changed established patterns in the distribution of job opportunities, wealth, and political influence in the country. These transformations have recently triggered a strong Sinophobic campaign in Australia, the most disturbing aspect of which is the denial of the successful integration of Chinese migrants into Australian society. Based on evidence gathered through a longitudinal study of Chinese migrants in Australia, this book examines the misconceptions troubling Australia's current China debate from six important but overlooked perspectives, ranging from migration policy changes, economic factors, grassroots responses, the role of major political parties, community activism, to knowledge issues.

澳大利亚墨尔本大学亚洲研究所教授高佳撰写的《中国移民与澳洲政治：择优移民制度的批判性分析》于2020年7月由帕尔格雷夫·麦克米伦 (Palgrave Macmillan) 出版社出版。本书分析了不断增加的中国新移民如何融入澳大利亚社会，以及由于澳大利亚择优移民制度及其面向亚洲政策等原因，中国新移民如何成为澳大利亚国内政治的新维度。本书基于作者对澳大利亚华人移民的长期跟踪研究，从移民政策变化、经济因素、基层民众反应、澳大利亚主要政党的作用、华人社区高涨的行动主义，以及澳大利亚精英的的知识水平问题等角度探讨了困扰澳大利亚目前中国辩论的主要误解。

Li, Minghuan (李明欢)

2019 《欧洲华侨华人史·增订版》，广州：暨南大学出版社

2019. A History of Chinese Immigrants in Europe (Revised Edition), Jinan University Press, 2019, 2 volumes, 857 pages.

This book traces the historical development of Chinese immigration to Europe from the 17th century to the 20th century. The revised edition extends the analysis to the 21st century ending at the year 2018. There are nine chapters in the revised edition, in addition to the introduction and conclusion. The chapters cover many topics, including the origin of immigration from China to Europe; the entrepreneurship of Chinese immigrants in the advanced European capitalist economy in the early 20th century; the adaptation of Chinese in Europe to the harsh conditions in the periods before and after the Second World War; the changes of European Chinese in the post-war economic recovery of Europe; the amendments in immigration policy of many European countries in the latter part of the 20th century and their impact on Chinese immigration, including the subsequent waves of Chinese immigrations; the current population structure of Chinese in Europe as well as the economic structure of Chinese in Europe as well as the economic structure of the Chinese community; and the evolution

of Chinese voluntary associations through the historical era and current generation. The revised edition also has 296 photographs insert that help readers to understand how the European Chinese came through the rugged historical journal in Europe.

本书由李明欢教授在2002年出版的同名著作基础上补充、修订完成，全书分上下两卷，共107万字。2002年版以欧洲华人在20世纪的百年历程为论述重点。鉴于进入21世纪之后欧洲华人社会发生的一系列重要变化，增订版将论述的下限延展至2018年。增订版除导论、结语之外，共分九章。第一章追溯中国人远赴欧洲之源起。第二章主要剖析20世纪初年欧洲华人如何在发达的资本主义经济网络中探索求存。第三章描述二次世界大战前后欧洲华人的生存困境与应对。第四章关注欧洲华人如何伴随欧洲二战后的经济复兴步入历史转折期。第五章探讨20世纪下半叶欧洲各国移民政策的变化及其对中国移民的影响。第六章梳理自20世纪70年代以降欧洲所经历的空前的华人移民潮。第七章剖析当代欧洲华人社会的人口结构。第八章是当代欧洲华人社会发展的经济篇。第九章从欧洲华人社团发展的角度展示欧洲华人追踪时代步伐努力拓展的总趋势。增订版配合各历史阶段的重大事件选登了296幅图片，以求读者能够通过难得的历史影像和当代多彩的画面，更真切地了解欧洲华人经历过的风雨历程。

Steven B. Miles

2020. Chinese Diasporas: A Social History of Global Migration, Cambridge University Press.

Chinese Diasporas provides a concise and compelling history of internal and external Chinese migration from the sixteenth century to the present day. Aimed at advanced undergraduate students and beginning graduate students, this book will be essential reading for courses on the history of the Chinese diaspora, or the overseas Chinese. This book places Chinese migrants and their families at the center of its narrative, showing the ways in the “Chinese diaspora” in fact consisted of distinct diasporic trajectories from specific emigrant communities to targeted destinations both within China and abroad.

自十六世纪至今，海外华人展现出一部华人内外迁徙的简明而引人入胜的历史。对于高年级本科生和研究生，本书可作为有关海外华人历史课程的基础教材。本书将华人移民及其家庭置于叙事中心，展示了“海外华人”的流寓方式，事实上是由从特殊的移出地到国内国外的目的地的不同迁徙路线组成。

Tan, Chee-Beng (陈志明)

2021. The Baba of Melaka: Culture and Identity of a Chinese Peranakan Community in Malaysia. 2nd edition. Petaling Jaya: Strategic Information and Research Development Centre.

Based on a long-term ethnographic study, the new edition of this book provides a comprehensive description of Baba culture and identity in Melaka, Malaysia. It analyses the term Baba, the development of Baba society, their distribution in Melaka and overt features of identity, the Baba Malay dialect, customs and religion, kinship and social interactions – all of which tie in to changes in Baba identity. By discussing cultural change and ethnic identification of a Chinese Peranakan community in Malaysia, the reader can gain a more complete understanding of this unique minority group within a minority in a rapidly changing Malaysian context. This new edition of The Baba of Melaka has just been published by Gerakbudaya (Email: gerakbudaya@gmail.com) in January 2021.

基于长期的民族志研究，本书新版对马来西亚马六甲峇峇文化与认同进行了全面的阐述，分析了峇峇词源、峇峇社会的发展、峇峇在马六甲的分布、峇峇认同的显著特征、峇峇马来语、习俗和宗教、亲属关系和社会互动，所有这些都与峇峇认同变迁相关。通过对马来西亚伯奈拉干社群文化变迁和族群认同建构的讨论，读者可以在迅速变迁的马来西亚语境中更全面地了解这一少数族群中的独特群体。新版《马六甲峇峇》于2021年1月由Gerakbudaya出版社出版。

Wang, Cangbai (王苍柏)

2020. Museum Representations of Chinese Diasporas: Migration Histories and the Cultural Heritage of the Homeland. London and New York: Routledge.

<https://www.routledge.com/Museum-Representations-of-Chinese-Diasporas-Migration-Histories-and-the/Wang/p/book/9780367466299>

Museum Representations of Chinese Diasporas is the first book to analyse the recent upsurge in museums on Chinese diasporas in China. Examining heritage-making beyond the nation-state, the book provides a much-needed, critical examination of China's engagement with its diasporic communities. Drawing on fieldwork in more than ten museums, as well as interviews with museum practitioners and archival study, Wang offers a timely analysis of the complex ways in which Chinese diasporas are represented in the museum space of China, the ancestral homeland. Arguing that diasporic heritage is highly ambivalent and introducing a diasporic perspective to the study of cultural heritage, this book opens up a new avenue of inquiry into the study and management of cultural heritage in China and beyond. Most importantly, perhaps, Wang sheds new light on the dynamic between China and Chinese diasporas through the lens of the museum.

这是第一部研究中国“华侨博物馆热”的学术专著。作者历时十年，对中国大陆十余个“华侨博物馆”进行了考察。该书旨在回答的一个核心问题：海外移民的历史如何成为祖（籍）国的文化遗产？在田野考察、访谈和档案研究的基础上，并采取跨学科的“宏观博物馆”的研究方法，作者对中国的“华侨博物馆”进行了类型学分析，揭示了离散遗产的模糊性及其建构和展示过程当中的复杂性。该书突破国家地域的界限研究文化遗产，丰富了中国文化遗产的研究，并对其他国家的文化遗产研究具有借鉴意义。更重要的是，它为观察和研究中国和海外华侨华人之间互动关系，提供了一个崭新的视角。该书的出版在探索整合国际移民、博物馆和文化遗产研究方面，做出了有益的尝试。

Wang, Gungwu (王赓武)

2019. China Reconnects: Joining a deep-rooted Past to a New World Order. Singapore: World Scientific Publishing.

The book seeks to explain the new-found confidence among the Chinese in their capacity to learn all they need from the developed world while retaining enough from their past to build a modern civilisation. It does not employ theoretical frameworks to explain China's rise, as Professor Wang Gungwu believes they are not appropriate to describe the changes sweeping the country. He calls for greater understanding of why history is particularly important to the Chinese state and its people, as the nation seeks the means to respond to a United States trying to preserve its dominant position in the international status quo.

本书尝试阐述中国人新近建立的自信，即他们有能力从发达国家学习他们所需要的一切，同时从他们的过去中保留足够的力量来建立现代文明。该书并没有运用理论框架来解释中国崛起，王赓武教授认为那并不适于阐述席卷中国的变化。他呼吁需更多去理解为什么历史对中国和中国人民特别重要，因为中国正在寻求应对美国试图保持其国际主导地位的应对策略。

2020a. Home is Where We are (with Margaret Wang). Singapore: Ridge Books, NUS Press.

This book is the exploration of the emotional and intellectual journey towards the formation of an identity, treasured by readers of Wang's Home is Not Here, extends in this volume into an appreciation of love, family life, and the life of the mind. We also see these years from Margaret's perspective, her own fascinating family story, and her early impressions of this young bearded poet. Wise and moving, this is a fascinating reflection on identity and belonging, and on the ability of the individual to find a place amidst the historical currents that have shaped Asia.

本书探索认同形成的情感和智识历程，亦为王赓武教授《家园何处是》的读者所珍视，此卷延伸到对爱、家庭和心灵生活的感悟。我们也从林娉婷的视角回看往昔，包括她动人的家庭故事，以及她对这位青须诗人的早期印象。这也是对认同和归属，以及在塑造亚洲的历史潮流中寻找一席之地的个人识见的精彩辉映，睿智而感人。

2020b. 《家园何处是》林纹沛译. 香港中文大学出版社

海外华人史学大家王赓武在年近九旬之际写下自己“长年半游牧生涯”的故事。他的人生以殖民时代的东南亚为起点，历经殖民、战争、动乱、革命，大半生在三大洲间迁徙，构成二十世纪历史洪流之中一部丰富而独特的流寓史。回忆录共两卷。上卷《家园何处是》回望王赓武充满不确定性和转折的少年经历，这段岁月对他影响至深，成为他治学和人生的底色。

2020c. 《心安即是家》（林娉婷合著）夏沛然译. 香港中文大学出版社

回忆录下卷《心安即是家》的故事从王赓武的身份认同展开，继续述说他辗转于新加坡、吉隆坡、伦敦、剑桥、坎培拉、香港的探索旅程。王赓武逐渐从满腔热血、致力于“建国造史”的年轻知识精英，转而投向大学校园“寻求更大的自由”。这段旅程的同行者是本书另一位作者林娉婷。我们会从她的角度回看那些年，她与年轻的胡子诗人王赓武相识于马来亚大学，两人在伦敦成婚，在异乡生子，先后迁居五个国家、七座城市，共同寻求身份认同的归宿：“我们住在什么地方，那里就是我们的家”。

2020d. 《海外华人：从落叶归根到追寻自我》，赵世玲译。北京：北京师范大学出版社

海外华人历史是中国史和世界史研究的重要主题。华人从到海外去冒险、确立海外移民群体的基本价值观，经历了从叶落归根到落地生根的变化。本书对两千年的华人迁徙历史进行了概括性考察，并指出，今天海外华人面临的挑战是在一个愈加认同多元文化的世界中，如何找到“自我”，不再在“被同化”与“落叶归根”之间纠结。

2020e. *Chineseness and Modernity in a Changing China. Essays in Honour of Professor Wang Gungwu.* Edited by Zheng Yongnian and Zhao Litao. Singapore: World Scientific Publishing.

By focusing on the theme of Chineseness and China's modernity, this book adds depth to the analysis of China's rise and its implications for the region and the world. It contains a chapter providing the most comprehensive and updated review of Wang's scholarship thus far. Another chapter demonstrates how Wang, based on his deep understanding of Chinese civilisation and history, articulates a distinct view of the world order that differs from either the thesis of "Thucydides's trap" or the advocacy of mutual accommodation. Interestingly, this book also includes a chapter that highlights Wang's "Southeast Asian-ness", suggesting that Wang's scholarship cautions against not only western-centric views towards China, but also Sino-centric views towards Southeast Asia. In short, this edited volume is both a reference book for understanding Wang's scholarship and an extension of his scholarship to the analysis of China's growing international influence and its implications for the world order.

本书以中国性（Chineseness）和中国现代性为主题，深入分析了中国崛起及其对区域和世界的影响。其中一章全面回顾了王赓武教授的学术研究。另一章则基于王赓武教授对中国文明和历史的深刻理解，展现出他如何阐述一种不同于“修昔底德陷阱”或相互适应之主张的世界秩序的独到见解。颇有趣味的是，本书另一章节突出了王赓武教授的“东南亚特质”，表明不仅不要对中国采取西方中心的观点，也不要对东南亚采取中国中心的视角。简而言之，本书既是理解王赓武教授学术历程的重要参考，也是其对中国日益增长的国际影响力及其对世界秩序之寓意的学术分析之延伸。

Zhou, Min（周敏）

2021 《长为异乡客？——21世纪海外华人》，周敏主编、郭南审译，王赓武序（*Forever Strangers? Chinese Overseas of the 21st Century*），世界科技出版公司八方文化出版社

Since China's open-door in the late 1970s, more than 8 million people from Mainland China have emigrated to other countries, forming a large group of immigrants known as xinyimin, "new Chinese immigrants." The new Chinese immigrants have now reached every corner of the world and established new diasporic communities in large and small countries of resettlement. These new Chinese immigrant communities differ greatly from traditional Chinese communities in terms of demographics, socio-economic formation, ethnic economic practices, internal organizational structures, social integration patterns, social status and sense of belonging in the resettlement countries. New Chinese immigrants also vary depending on the socioeconomic background, purpose of immigration, and length of residence in their host countries. At the same time, new Chinese

immigrants have had different degrees of influence on the social, cultural, and economic aspects of their countries of immigration. This book explores contemporary Chinese communities around the world from the perspectives of anthropology, sociology, and related social sciences, describing and analyzing their characteristics, formation motivations, and development trends. The book includes 18 chapters by 25 scholars, covering new Chinese diasporas in Asia, Africa, Europe, Oceania, Latin America and North America.

自1970年代末改革开放以来，中国大陆有八百多万国民移居海外，这个庞大的移民群体被称之为“中国新移民”。中国新移民如今已经遍布全球的每一个角落，在大大小小的移居国里建立了新的华人社区，与传统的华人社区在人口构成、社会经济形态、族裔经济运作方式、内部组织结构、社会融入模式以及在移居国的社会地位和归属感等方面都有很大的区别。中国新移民也因移民个体的社会经济背景、移民目的以及居住时间长短的不同而各异。同时，中国新移民对移居国和中国的社会、文化、经济等方面也产生了不同程度的影响。本书从人类学、社会学及相关的社会科学的视角，探究分布在世界各地的当代华人社区，对其特点、形成动因、结果与发展趋势进行描述与分析。本书包括25位学者写的18篇论文，涵盖亚洲，非洲，欧洲，大洋洲，拉丁美洲和北美洲的新华人移民社区。

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OTHER NEWS

纵论全球华商发展 智汇产业科创之城—— 第十届“国际华商·清华论坛”



由清华大学华商研究中心、中国华侨华人研究所主办，全球化智库(CCG)、新加坡华裔馆合办，江苏省侨商总会、昆山市委统战部、昆山市侨联承办的第十届“国际华商·清华论坛”暨新中国70年企业发展史论坛，于2019年7月10日在江苏昆山市举行。本次论坛从长时段的维度与比较视野，深入挖掘中国企业发展的渊源流变与历史文化资源，聚焦于侨商创新升级，兼顾国有企业改革对比与探讨，总结新中国成立70年企业成长的特点与经验，揭示中国道路的历史内涵与理论启示。议题涵盖华人华商研究的历史、现状和趋势，华人社团账本，华商网络演化，侨批侨汇，东南亚、拉丁美洲、非洲等特定地域华商研究等等。

“国际华商·清华论坛”是由清华大学华商研究中心和中国华侨华人研究所联合主办的国际品牌活动，汇集来自世界各地的知名专家、教授、学者、海外高层次人才和国际华商。作为学界、商界、政界的交流平台与富有影响力的华商研究国际品牌，“国际华商·清华论坛”旨在通过跨学科研究，整合产、学、研等各方资源，共同探讨华商的现状和发展，进一步推动华商在国际领域的影响力。

华侨华人团结战疫 华商学者全球连线——

“海外华商谈抗疫”系列活动成功举办

自2020年3月30日至6月30日，由清华大学华商研究中心、中国华侨华人研究所联合主办“海外华商谈抗疫”在线观察系列活动，邀请世界多国华商、侨领及相关学者，通过视频会议的方式，介绍当地新冠肺炎疫情现状与应对措施，探讨华侨华人生活与华商经营所受影响，分享华侨华人与当地民众共同抗击疫情的故事。“海外华商谈抗疫”活动汇集了包括海内外的知名学者和企业家，其中包括中国华侨华人研究所张秀明副所长、世界海外华人研究学会主席李明欢教授，南洋理工大学、北京大学、暨南大学、厦门大学、武汉大学各位学者，六大洲三十余个国家逾千人次连线参与和讨论。

大家一致认为这场新冠肺炎疫情，不只是中国的挑战，也是全球的挑战。身居海外的华侨华人，心向祖国，在海外严阵以待，为华夏全力以赴。在祖国疫情严重之时，华侨华人群体积极捐款捐物。在海外面临考验之时，华人坚强面对，互帮互助。华人华商抗击疫情的举措与精神令人感动与钦佩，希望海外华侨华人能够早日战胜疫情，恢复正常的工作和生活。

“海外华商谈抗疫”在线系列观察已相继举办西班牙、美国、德国、加拿大、意大利、非洲、东南亚、法国、俄罗斯、巴西、日本、澳大利亚十二个专场，《人民日报》海外版、新华社、中新社及当地华文媒体详加报道，成为疫情期间跨越地域、跨越商界、学界与政界的多元化国际交流平台。

专|著|出|版

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